New Zealand Certificate in Pasifika Teaching Level 6

Qualification Review Guidelines

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Overview

This guide outlines what tertiary education organisations could consider when developing a programme of study leading to the following qualification:

• New Zealand Certificate in Pasifika Teaching (Level 6).

This guide will help those who apply to NZQA for programme approval. It will also help as part of an internal self-review. The self-review may focus on ensuring that an existing programme meets current requirements, such as in the case of a recently updated or new version of a qualification.

Providers working towards programme approval should consult all relevant NZQA documentation including the following:

- NZQF Programme Approval and Accreditation Rules
- <u>Guidelines for approval and accreditation of Level 1-6 programmes</u>
- <u>Resources for unit standards-based pathways, including landscapes</u>

Providers are encouraged to attend to the recommendations in these NZQA documents when developing, delivering and self-assessing programme(s) for this qualification.

These guidelines cover:

- 1. Key qualification requirements
- 2. Matching the identified needs of your target learner groups
- 3. Components
- 4. General Conditions
- 5. Graduate Profile Outcomes and associated recommendations
- 6. Work-based Learning
- 7. Assessment Guidelines

Glossary

For the purpose of this suite of qualifications, the following definitions are provided.

Candidate is the person who is enrolled in a programme leading to this qualification.

Cultural competencies refers to the knowledge, skills, and values required to achieve a better understanding of, and enhance relationships with learners of different cultures.

Kaitiakitanga refer to concepts of mentoring, coaching, care, guidance, nurturing, sharing, responsibilities, external stakeholder consultation.

Learner is the person who the candidate is providing learning opportunities for.

Le Va refers to the sacred space between relationships including relationships with others, with the land and with God.

Mana refers to the unique characteristics of adult learners as individuals and what they bring to their learning, including literacy and numeracy skills.

Māori cultural competencies refer to the practical steps for providing education and relating to Māori and other learners in a manner that recognises and respects Māori values and beliefs in order to achieve better teaching and learning outcomes.

Talanoa refers to group discussion, reasoning and decision making.

Tangata whenua literally means 'people of the land' and is used to describe Māori as the indigenous people of Aotearoa New Zealand.

Tangata tiriti literally means 'people of the treaty' and is used to describe people of non-Māori origin who have a right to live in Aotearoa New Zealand under the Treaty of Waitangi.

Work-based learning refers to opportunities for learning that are achieved through authentic activity in adult or tertiary teaching settings and which includes a specified element of supervised practice.

1. Key Qualification Requirements

Strategic Purpose

The strategic purpose statement for this qualification states:

This qualification is intended for education practitioners aspiring to be or in a leadership role working with adult learners from Pacific communities in tertiary teaching or training contexts.

Graduates of this qualification will have the skills and knowledge to design, facilitate and evaluate learning and teaching that is pedagogically and culturally appropriate for Pacific learners.

Qualification type definition

Your programme must meet the NZQA's qualification type definition including the requirements outlined below:

Credits and notional hours of learning

Programmes leading to the award of this qualification should be:

- 60 credits at Level 6
- Equivalent to approximately **600** notional hours of learning according to NZQA rules.

This time allocation is inclusive of class-based, work-based, web-based and independent learning hours.

Matches NZQA descriptors

Your programme must align with the <u>NZQA descriptors</u> which provide guidance on the learning requirements of a **Level 6 certificate** qualification. In summary, these are:

Knowledge	 Demonstrate specialised technical or theoretical knowledge with depth within an aspect(s) of a field of work or study.
Skills and Application	 Analyse and generate solutions to familiar and unfamiliar problems Select and apply a range of standard and non-standard processes relevant to the field of work or study Demonstrate complete self-management of learning and performance within dynamic contexts

 Demonstrate responsibility for leadership within dynamic contexts.
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It is important to ensure that the programme learning demands do not exceed nor fall below those outlined above.

Modes of delivery

Providers have a range of choices for programme delivery which may include face-toface, online or blended teaching and learning.

Decisions will be made based on available resources and the target audience. The qualification requires that all programmes must include an underpinning base of evidence-based practice in digital educational technologies.

All programmes should integrate technology-enhanced learning and teaching beyond the immediate requirements of individual Graduate Profile Outcome statements.

Entry or other qualification requirements

There are no mandatory prerequisites for entry. However, it is highly recommended that the candidate has a relevant qualification in learning and teaching at Level 5 or above, or equivalent knowledge and skills.

Progression to other qualifications

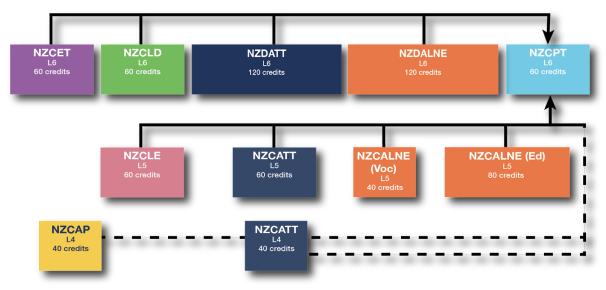
Educational pathways for this qualification indicate that graduates may choose to undertake further study towards a Level 7 qualification in adult and tertiary teaching.

However, there are other qualifications in this suite that are also at Level 6 which may be valuable progressions for graduates of this qualification. These include:

- New Zealand Certificate in Learning Design, (Level 6) [Ref: 2749]
- New Zealand Diploma in Adult and Tertiary Teaching, (Level 6) [Ref: 2747]
- New Zealand Diploma in Adult Literacy and Numeracy Education, (Level 6) [Ref: 2756]
- New Zealand Certificate in Education Technology, (Level 6) [Ref: 2748]

Diagram 1 shows logical pathways across the suite of teacher education qualifications to the NZCPT Level 6.

Diagram 1: Progression to NZCPT Level 6



Other qualification requirements

Requirements specific to the general conditions or graduate profile outcomes are discussed below in Sections 4 and 5.

Questions to consider

- What is your programme aim?
- How does your programme and its components meet the strategic purpose of the qualification?
- Why is your programme acceptable to relevant communities and key stakeholders?
- How does your programme create opportunities that cover 60 credits of learning in relation to Pasifika teaching?
- What will be the balance and coherence between class-based, web-based, work-based and independent learning?
- What is your learner profile and how will learners be assisted to manage independent learning at this level?

2. Matching the Identified Needs of Your Target Learner Groups

Due diligence

Any NZQA approved programme for this qualification will need to provide sufficient evidence with regards to target learner groups.

Gathering information to inform your answers to questions like the ones below should be part of your due diligence process in the early stages of developing your programme and approval documentation.

Questions to consider

With regards to your target learner groups:

- Who are they and how did you identify them?
- What are their needs and how did you identify these?

With regards to your programme, how can you show that:

- You have designed your programme to match the identified needs of your target learner groups?
- Your programme enables your target learner groups to achieve the qualification outcomes?

How have the following informed the development of your programme?

- Sector consultation undertaken by your own or other organisations.
- Relevant Tertiary Education Commission (TEC) policies, strategic directions, implementation, planning or funding conditions.
- The needs of key stakeholders or partner organisations that you work with.
- The subject area expertise or domain knowledge of your organisation and delivery team.

3. Components

Articulating the units of learning in your programme

As noted in the NZQA's Programme Approval Guidelines you will need to clearly articulate the units of learning that make up your programme.

- These units of learning are the components, and you may need to reference the following:
- The structure and progression of your programme
- The modes of learning
- Self-directed learning including what kind and how this is broken down over time
- Your learning outcomes and how these relate to or compare with the Graduate Profile Outcomes
- Your learning outcomes for different modules and related assessments
- NZQA unit standards and assessment schedules, if relevant
- Your approach to assessment including how each assessment contributes to the credit value of the qualification.

Matrix showing GPOs mapped to programme learning outcomes

You may wish to use a matrix or chart to give a visual representation of how each of these relate to one another:

- How self-directed learning is allocated across different components
- How Graduate Profile Outcomes map to your programme learning outcomes and unit standards or components, if relevant.

Here's a generic example of what this might look like for showing alignment between components, programme learning outcomes, and qualification graduate profile outcomes (GPOs).

Components or Unit Standards	Learning Outcome	GPO 1	GPO 2	GPO 3	GPO 4
Component 1	Outcome 1	~	~		
Component 2	Outcome 1	~	~		
	Outcome 2	~	~		
	Outcome 3	~	~		
	Outcome 4	~	~		
	Outcome 5	~	~		

Component 3	Outcome 1	~	~	~	
	Outcome 2	~	×	~	
Component 4	Outcome 1	✓	~	~	✓
	Outcome 2	✓	~	~	✓
	Outcome 3		~	~	~
	Outcome 4	~	~	~	~

Many of the recommendations below appeared in earlier versions of the qualification as conditions so providers are urged to consider these in programme development and delivery.

Integration

Integration is a core principle for programme development. It ensures candidates experience an integrated, holistic and meaningful programme of study where connections between outcomes are explicit and reflect real-world contexts.

The following considerations apply:

- Outcomes should be integrated across programme design in a way that makes it clear outcomes are mutually supportive and not entirely discrete.
- In a programme, assessment of all outcomes should be integrated so each assessment task provides evidence of at least two outcomes in ways that demonstrate their interdependence.

Examples are given below in the Graduate Profile Outcome statements as to how this integration might happen.

Practical Experience

Practical experience is an essential component of programmes leading to the award of this qualification.

Evidence-based practice

Programmes must include an underpinning base of evidence-based practice in:

• Adult education and training including current validated adult learning research and theory. Evidence-based practice will be that which is informed by research or other projects that focus on enhancing outcomes for learners.

• The use of digital educational technologies. Digital technologies that solve educational problems and enhance learner engagement and success will be woven throughout the programme. These should be evident in both the teaching and learning and in the assessments in the programme to assist candidates in understanding the value of digital assessment.

Leadership

Programmes must provide opportunities for candidates to practise leadership skills and influencing others.

Professional leadership and support may be provided across a range of contexts and, potentially, teaching levels and disciplines.

This is likely to occur within the candidate's own teaching, learning and leadership settings and could be included in the work-based learning component.

Opportunities for leadership skills and influencing others can include the following:

- Incorporating innovation and creativity into learning, assessment and evaluation, including via Pacific pedagogies.
- Undertaking kaitiakitanga and other approaches to supporting other teachers and colleagues.

4. General Conditions

The following conditions apply to this qualification. Relevant definitions can be found in the glossary at the beginning of this document.

Pasifika values and principles

- Programme design, delivery and candidate evidence collection must reflect an awareness of Pasifika values and principles

Considerations

Providers must ensure that the programme reflects clearly articulated Pacific values and principles. These will be specific to the audience and context.

Within a Samoan context, examples of values and principles might include *talanoa* and *Le Va*. Refer to the glossary for a further explanation.

Work-based learning

- Programmes must include 60 hours of work-based learning in an adult or tertiary teaching setting and include a minimum of four separate learning sessions with a Pasifika focus. Each learning session must show evidence of design, facilitation of learning, and assessment and evaluation processes. These sessions must be assessed by a suitably qualified assessor.
- During work-based learning, candidates may be working with learners 18 years and under. In this case, practical experience will require a safety check to comply with the requirements of the Vulnerable Children Act 2014. For more information on the Vulnerable Children Act 2014, safety checking regulations and guidelines see https://www.justice.govt.nz/justice-sector-policy/key-initiatives/cross-government/childrens-action-plan.

Considerations

This is an advanced teaching qualification and, as such, actual teaching and experiencing the realities of adult and tertiary teaching contexts are critical to the candidate learning experience.

Providers must ensure that candidates are able to complete at least 60 hours of workbased learning with a focus on teaching and learning. This could include, for example:

- their own teaching
- formal practicum placements

• assisting colleagues in community settings.

This could be covered in two weeks in a practice context but is more likely to be woven through the programme, particularly given most candidates will be in work. During this time candidates will complete their required learning sessions.

Candidates are also required to demonstrate leadership and professional support with other practitioners. This should be woven into the practice component and be evident in the assessment requirements. It is likely this will be completed in the candidate's place of work.

Suitably qualified assessors could include the programme teaching staff or others in the practice setting who have the required qualifications or experience to make accurate and valid assessments.

Further detail about work-based learning is included in Section 6.

Te Tiriti o Waitangi and Cultural Competencies

- Programmes must include a range of pedagogical principles and cultural practices. These principles and practices are reflective of Te Tiriti o Waitangi, to ensure that the indigenous status of Tangata Whenua and the role of Tangata Tiriti are understood.

Accordingly, programmes must contribute to the development of Māori cultural competencies. These principles, practices and cultural competencies also include those reflecting Aotearoa New Zealand's Pacific location and diverse population.

Considerations

Definitions for the following are included in this guidance document in the glossary:

- Talanoa
- Le Va
- Tangata Whenua
- Tangata Tiriti
- Cultural competencies
- Māori cultural competencies
- Work-based learning
- Mana

These concepts and competencies must be woven throughout the programme and be evident to candidates in learning, teaching and assessment.

5. Graduate Profile Outcomes and Associated Quality Recommendations

The information below lists the Graduate Profile Outcomes from the qualification and related conditions and recommended related quality components.

Many of these components appeared in Version 1 of the qualification as *conditions* so providers are urged to consider these in programme development and delivery.

This includes:

- integration of outcomes and assessments
- a base of relevant evidence-based practice and learning theory
- integration of digital educational technologies to enhance learner outcomes
- integration of Te Tiriti and cultural competencies.

Some relevant resources for programme development are also included.

Graduate Profile Outcome 1

Design learning using pedagogically and culturally appropriate practice to meet specified learning outcomes for Pacific learners.

15 credits

Recommended Quality Components and Resources

Design learning includes conceptualising and designing a programme of learning to respond to identified Pacific learners' needs and requirements. It may also include consideration of:

- issues and research underpinning Pasifika education
- Pasifika education theories, approaches and frameworks, and current trends and research
- Pasifika teaching practice and literacy and numeracy concepts
- a range of contexts and changes in learning environments, e.g. learner profile, technology, pedagogical approaches, client requests, legislation, and could also include industry, workplaces, organisational, fano, community, or church.

Design shows innovation, creativity and leadership in its approach to learning, assessment and evaluation, and is informed by contemporary research about adult learning. It also includes relevant Pasifika pedagogies as a key body of knowledge.

A significant component of the design, environment, facilitation, assessment and evaluation outcomes will be assessed as part of the work-based learning component.

Resources that support design, student-centredness, facilitation, assessment and feedback can be found in the following resources for tertiary teachers available on the Ako Aotearoa <u>website</u>:

- <u>Signposts</u>
- <u>Goalposts</u>
- <u>ePosts</u>

Graduate Profile Outcome 2

Facilitate quality learner-centred teaching that respects the mana and diverse cultural backgrounds of Pacific learners, and the wider educational and societal context.

15 credits

Recommended Quality Components and Resources

Facilitate includes:

• planning and facilitating contextualised adult learning and teaching that meets the demands, needs and requirements of the target learners.

Learner-centred teaching includes a values-based framework based on respect for:

- professional relationships with learners.
- Pacific frameworks and teaching approaches.

Resources to support cultural responsiveness and professional practices include the following which can be found on the Ako Aotearoa <u>website</u>:

- <u>Māori Cultural Capability Pathway</u>
- <u>Pacific Cultural Centredness Pathway</u>
- <u>Tapatoru Professional Standards Framework</u>

Other frameworks or models for consideration include:

- Te Whare Tapa Whā
- Te Tauāki Ako
- Te Kaupapa Māori
- Te Ranga
- Fonofale
- Kakala
- Founga Ako

This outcome lends itself to integration across the programme of study.

Graduate Profile Outcome 3

Use and evaluate teaching and learning strategies, including technology-enhanced teaching and learning, to meet the needs of Pacific learners.

15 credits

Recommended Quality Components and Resources

Evaluate includes:

• using evaluation outcomes to improve teaching and student learning.

Learning and teaching strategies includes:

- blended learning or use of educational technologies
- alternative approaches to learning.

Graduate Profile Outcome 4

Undertake kaitiakitanga and provide leadership and professional support to other practitioners working with Pacific learners.

15 credits

Recommended Quality Components and Resources

Kaitiakitanga refers to concepts of mentoring, coaching, care, guidance, nurturing, sharing, responsibilities, and external stakeholder consultation.

This may also include professional support for academic and discipline-related teaching such as:

- Improving adult literacy and numeracy practices to inform other practitioners' development.
- Opportunities for exchange with other professionals to assist others.
- Contributing to the development of Pasifika cultural competencies and increased awareness of Pasifika values and principles including Talanoa and Le Va, as well as related sector development.

Opportunities to practise kaitiakitanga and receive feedback should be written into programme development and be evidenced through work-based learning. This outcome should be integrated with others across the programme of study.

Questions to consider

- Which outcomes will be integrated to ensure connections are maximised and assessment events are minimised?
- What are the natural alignments between outcome statements?
- How will you embed a values-based framework into your programme to underpin the learning?

6. Work-based Learning

Guidelines

The programme of study must include specific work-based learning and assessment opportunities as stated on the New Zealand Qualification document and outlined in the General Conditions in Section 4.

Some of the learning may occur in a classroom or other learning and teaching environment, but practice is central to the successful completion of this qualification, particularly because there is a significant demand for leadership, kaitiakitanga, change and innovation.

For this qualification, the following are required:

- Programmes must include candidates completing **60 hours** of work-based learning in an adult or tertiary teaching setting.
- Work-based learning evidence must be provided for candidates carrying out a minimum of **four separate learning sessions with a Pasifika focus**. Each learning session should show evidence of design, facilitation of learning, and assessment and evaluation processes. These sessions must be assessed by a suitably qualified assessor.

The provider will need to discuss the programme expectations with the candidate and their management to ensure the practice-based nature of the programme is fully understood.

The provider may also need to ensure that the candidate is given the opportunity in their learning to carry out any of the practice-based requirements, which are considerable in this qualification.

Any health and safety requirements must be attended to.

Provider scenarios

It is up to the provider to interpret the qualification document and make decisions about the requirements that suit their programme and target learner groups.

With that in mind, the following scenario is offered as an example of work-based learning that integrates several qualification components in a specific provider context:

Scenario

One provider delivers the NZCPT internally as a professional development programme for tutors aspiring to be or in a leadership role working with learners from Pacific communities in their own workplace literacy training programmes.

All components and assessed work require candidates to integrate what they are learning into teaching and other aspects of their regular work over the duration of the programme including:

- Carrying out an investigation into the needs of adult Pacific learners in a range of contexts including at least two of industry, workplaces, organisational, fano, community, or church.
- Designing, delivering, assessing and evaluating a programme of learning that responds to identified Pacific learners' needs and requirements.
- Incorporating a values-based framework for teaching and learning that draws from relevant Pasifika approaches, frameworks and concepts.
- Sharing lessons learned with others including providing guidance, support and expertise with regards to adult literacy and numeracy education.

In this way, the TEO closely integrates course learning and existing workplace practice.

Questions to consider

- How does the work-based assessment requirement provide opportunities that connect the candidate to their learning in the programme of study?
- How does the provider ensure that work-based learning environments provide high-quality experiences for candidates?
- In what ways does the provider maintain and nurture relationships with workbased learning settings?

7. Assessment Guidelines

Guidelines

Assessments, as far as is practicable, should be in the context of the candidate's own work and practice as a student in an adult and tertiary teaching environment.

As indicated earlier, assessment of all outcomes should be integrated, so each assessment task provides evidence of at least two outcomes in ways that demonstrate their interdependence.

This will ensure an integrated approach to learning and assessment and will also reduce assessment load. There should be no more than 2–3 assessment events for each 15 credits of learning.

Also, please note that Pasifika values and principles are inherent in this qualification and should be integrated with teaching and assessment processes.

As indicated in the information above, this programme of study should be based on the realities of practice in adult and tertiary teaching contexts. Therefore, assessments should generally be based on the candidate's own teaching and learning practice to ensure the course learning is applied in practice.

Work-based assessments may be carried out by teaching staff or assessments may be structured so that a supervisor or assessor in the candidate's place of work can observe practice and provide feedback.

The provider must weigh up the relative merits of these options based on the availability of suitably qualified assessors in the workplace who either hold appropriate qualifications or have been identified by the provider as having the relevant expertise or experience to be able to assess or observe accurately.

Most assessments will contain opportunities for the candidates to engage in reflective practice based on self-assessment of their own performance and practice.

Resources that support student-centredness, facilitation, assessment and feedback, including valid and diverse methods of digital assessments, can be found in the following resources for tertiary teachers available on the Ako Aotearoa website:

- <u>Signposts</u>
- <u>Goalposts</u>
- <u>ePosts</u>

Valuable information about assessment tools and approaches can be found at this NZQA site.

Provider scenarios

As with work-based learning, it is up to the provider to make decisions about the requirements that suit their programme and target learner groups.

The following scenario is offered as an example of how an assessment could be structured to integrate several qualification components in a specific provider context:

Scenario

One organisation designed a series of assessments for the NZCPT that integrate graduate profile outcomes across programme delivery components.

The teaching practice component outlined below has GPO 3 as the major focus but also integrates aspects of GPO 1, 2 and 4.

Part 1: Plan

Plan learning and teaching contextualised for Pacific learners across at least four separate learning sessions. Describe your planned sessions in terms of design including learner needs, approaches, outcomes, activities, and resources.

Part 2: Facilitate

Facilitate contextualised learning for the same learners and groups that you planned for in Part 1. Provide details and commentary as follows:

- Verification details including delivery times and dates
- What you thought went well
- How you managed the delivery
- Whether your learning outcomes were on target
- How you responded to the needs you identified
- Whether your strategies worked out as planned
- How design, delivery and assessment reflect relevant Pasifika values and principles including Talanoa and Le Va
- Feedback you received from your learners
- What worked best in terms of making your teaching more culturally centred
- What you could do to improve for the next session.

Part 3: Assess and evaluate

Use appropriate assessment and evaluation tools to measure learner progress, enhance student learning and identify opportunities to improve your own teaching practice.

Questions to consider

- How are assessments mapped across the curriculum to ensure coherence, avoid over-assessment or assessment overload, and link assessments to both course learning and work-based learning?
- To what extent do assessments attend to the realities of practice?
- How will the existing assessment practices of the workplace impact the opportunities for the candidate to engage in good assessment practice?
- How does the provider ensure that assessors are suitably qualified?

8. Get In Touch With Us

Amendments or further guidance

The guidelines for this qualification were prepared by Ako Aotearoa following extensive sector consultation and review by NZQA and other experts.

Where possible, information from previous versions of the qualification including conditions as well as recommendations from stakeholders have been incorporated.

If you would like to suggest an amendment or request further guidance with regard to some aspect of the qualification or resulting programme development, please contact us at Ako Aotearoa by email or phone.

• info@ako.ac.nz

Further information may be obtained from our <u>website</u> or via the following link:

• <u>https://ako.ac.nz/programme-guidance</u>